

Mapping of river channels prone to ice jam formation

Rachid Lhissou¹, Karem Chokmani¹, Dominic Theriault¹, Sébastien Raymond¹, Yves Gauthier¹ and Serge Légaré²

1. Context

Ice jams (IJs) in Canada lead to flooding upstream of the ice front, which represents a major geohazard for riverside populations and requires that prediction methods be developed to provide early warning.

This study is part of the DAVE project, funded by the Defence Research and Development Canada's (DRDC) Canadian Safety and Security Program (CSSP). The goal of the DAVE project is to improve ice jam risk management across Canada. DAVE is the French acronym for « Dispositif d'Alerte et de Vigilance aux Embâcles de glace »

> The combination of hydrological, meteorological and geomorphological variables is essential for spatial location and forecasting the date of an IJ.



2. Objectives

- Locate areas prone to IJs formation in the main rivers of the Province of Quebec (11 rivers having a high IJ occurrence).
- Improving the existing Ice Jam Predisposition Index (IJPI) developed by De Munck et al. (2017) on three rivers in the Province of Quebec: the Chaudière River, the Saint-François River, and the L'Assomption River.

By integrating new geomorphological factors, in particular the presence of rapids and channel gradient.

3. Methodology



Tested versions of the model :

v01a	Existing model (De Munc
v02a	Existing model And Risk=
	Model v02a And Risk = high after rapid And Risk in
v03a	to a high risk section (one upstream
v04a	Model v03a + integration of
v04b	Model v04a by increasing the risk by only 1

Validation metrics :

Confusion matrix		Esti							
		Negative	Positive (Ice Jam)						
Observed r	Negative	True negative	False positive						
Observed	Positive (Ice Jam)	False negative	True positive	Total of real positives (observed)					
Overall Ac	$curacy_{segment} = \frac{1}{Tru}$	True pos e positive+True neg	itive+True negative ative+false positive+f	alse négatif					
Recall segment = $\frac{True \ positive}{True \ positive + false \ negative} = \frac{Vrai \ positif}{\Sigma \ real \ positives}$									
% TP _{ice jam} =	True positive True positive+false ne	$\frac{1}{egative} = \frac{True\ post}{\Sigma\ Ice\ ja}$	itive ım						
% FN ice jam=	False negative True positive+false n	$\frac{1}{egative} = \frac{False neg}{\Sigma ice jo}$	ative am						

This project is made possible through funding from the Canadian Safety and Security Program (CSSP)

- ck et al 2017) low in rapids ncreased by 1 in the 2 sections adjacent n and one downstream) f the slope index
- upstream of a high-risk section



4. Results





Model v01a v02a v03a Exactness v04a Commissio v04b Omission

Results of the validation of the chosen model v04a by river

Overall		By segment (section)							By ice jam				
Accuracy	Recall		%		%		%		%		-	(
Accuracy	Accuracy		TP	TP	FP	FP	ΤN	ΤN	FN	FN	% TP	% FN	0
0.40	0.77	20	0.03	401	0.59	254	0.37	6	0.01	0.80	0.20		
0.52	0.67	16	0.06	114	0.45	117	0.46	8	0.03	0.67	0.33	(
0.58	0.73	11	0.02	237	0.42	318	0.56	4	0.01	0.77	0.23	(
0.47	0.50	1	0.01	37	0.51	33	0.46	1	0.01	0.50	0.50		
0.53	1.00	16	0.05	151	0.47	152	0.48	0	0.00	1.00	0.00	(
0.59	0.83	43	0.05	333	0.40	447	0.54	9	0.01	0.85	0.15	(
0.67	0.53	9	0.03	97	0.31	201	0.64	8	0.03	0.59	0.41		
0.54	0.63	10	0.02	248	0.45	288	0.52	6	0.01	0.72	0.28	(
0.45	0.53	9	0.03	137	0.52	109	0.41	8	0.03	0.54	0.46	(
0.44	0.77	10	0.02	254	0.55	191	0.42	3	0.01	0.75	0.25		
0.53	0.64	21	0.02	387	0.46	424	0.50	12	0.01	0.63	0.37		
0.62	0.68	15	0.02	260	0.37	413	0.59	7	0.01	0.71	0.29		
	Overall Accuracy 0.40 0.52 0.53 0.47 0.47 0.53 0.67 0.67 0.67 0.44 0.45 0.45	Overall AccuracyRecall0.400.770.520.670.520.670.530.730.470.500.531.000.540.530.540.530.450.530.440.770.530.640.530.64	Overall AccuracyRecallITP0.400.77200.520.67160.580.73110.470.5010.531.00160.670.5390.640.5390.450.5390.440.77100.530.64210.530.6415	Overall Accuracy Recall % TP % TP 0.40 0.777 20 0.03 0.52 0.677 10 0.06 0.52 0.677 11 0.02 0.53 0.733 111 0.02 0.47 0.500 11 0.01 0.47 0.501 10 0.01 0.47 0.502 11 0.02 0.47 0.503 11 0.01 0.53 1.00 14 0.05 0.67 0.53 9 0.03 0.67 0.53 10 0.02 0.67 0.53 10 0.02 0.44 0.77 10 0.02 0.53 0.64 21 0.02 0.53 0.64 15 0.02	Overall AccuracyRecall $= - + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + $	Overall AccuracyRecall $\begin{bmatrix} -3 & -3 & -3 & -3 & -3 & -3 & -3 & -3 $	Overall AccuracyRecall $\begin{pmatrix} 0\\ TP \end{pmatrix}$ $B P $ $\begin{pmatrix} 0\\ PP \end{pmatrix}$	Overall AccuracyRecall \bigcirc TP \bigcirc SP \bigcirc 	BeealBiseries set in the set in there set in the set in the	Overall AccuracyRecall $\begin{bmatrix} \cdot $	Overall AccuracyRecallImage: Subsection of the system of the s	Overall AccuracyMercallImage: Substrain transformSubstrain transfor	

DRDC

RDDC

Défense National nationale Defence

- ¹ Équipe de recherche en Télédétection nvironnementale et NORdique (TENOR) NRS - Centre Eau Terre Environnement, 490 de la Couronne, Québec city, G1K 9A9
- ² Ministère de la Sécurité publique (MSP) Québec City, Québec, G1V 2L2.



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Results of the model on the Chaudière River

Results of the validation of the different versions of the model

Overall accuracy		By 250 m segment (section)								By Ice Jams		
	Recall		%		%		%		%			
		TP	TP	FP	FP	TN	TN	FN	FN	% TP	% FN	
0.64	0.46	117	0.02	1951	0.33	3652	0.62	136	0.02	0.47	0.53	
0.69	0.45	115	0.02	1703	0.29	3900	0.67	138	0.02	0.46	0.54	
0.57	0.66	167	0.03	2430	0.41	3173	0.54	86	0.01	0.69	0.31	
0.54	0.71	180	0.03	2646	0.45	2957	0.50	73	0.01	0.74	0.26	
0.62	0.62	158	0.03	2132	0.36	3471	0.59	95	0.02	0.65	0.35	

Performance of the v04a model compared to other versions

